## Assignment:

1) Calculate osmotic pressure of $5 \%$ solution of sucrose at 288 K . ( $\mathrm{R}=8.314 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{mol} / \mathrm{K}$ ) ( 4 M )
2) A solution containing 6 g of a solute in 50 g of diethyl ether has a vapour pressure of $5.4 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$ at 300 K .If the vapour pressure of diethyl ether at the same temperature is $5.8 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$, calculate the molecular mass of the solute. Molecular mass of diethyl ether $=74$.
(4M)
3) A solution of 0.83 g of an organic compound of molecular mass 182 in 20.55 g of water boiled at temperature $0.114^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ higher than the boiling point of water. Calculate the molar elevation constant for 1000 g of the solvent.
4) What is the molarity of a solution of HCl which contains 4 g of HCl in 1000 ml of solution?
(2M)
5) The refractive index of $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 1.453. If density at the given temperature is $1.595 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$.Calculate the molar refraction.
6) Calculate the dipole moment of HCl , assuming the distance between the point charges be $1.25 \mathrm{~A}^{0}$.
(Point charge $=4.8 \times 10^{-10}$ esu.)
(2M)
