EXCHANGE ARITHMETIC & INTER BANK DEALS



DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

POORNAPRAJNA COLLEGE UDUPI

Ready Exchange Rate



Ready Exchange rate- spot rate

Ready Exchange Rate

I. Ready Exchange Rate for trade transactions

2. Ready Exchange Rate for non trade transactions

Trading – purchase & Sale

Transactions from banks view point

Item traded – foreign currency



Exchange Quotations

✓ Direct Quotation – (Home Currency Quotation)Buy low sell high

Indirect Quotation- (Foreign Currency Quotation) Buy high sell low

Merchant Rates



Exchange margin-

Bank cannot quote base rate- gives no profit

Exchange margin- to cover administrative cost, exchange fluctuation &

profit to the bank



Fineness of Quotation- Exchange rate is quoted up to 4 decimals in multiples of 0.0025

Eg- If 1\$= ₹ 68.12446 can be rounded off to 1\$= ₹ 68.1250

Example of Valid Quotations

✓ USD1 = ₹ 76.1825 GBP1 = ₹94.8225 EURO 1= ₹83.3000 JPY 100 = ₹70.3125

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>Buying Rates- purchase transaction of bank

>Transaction may be immediate or delayed- Demand bill or usance bill

Two types of Buying rates-on the basis of time involved for the realisation of foreign exchange

transaction

1. TT buying rates

Bill buying rates

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- **1. TT buying rates- applied for immediate realisation of foreign exchange**
- Nostro account is already credited
- Calculated by deducting interbank buying rate & adding exchange margin
- **>** TT rates applied for-
- ✓ payment of DD, MT, TT
- ✓ Foreign bills

Cancellation of foreign exchange sold earlier



₹.....

=₹.....

=₹.....

TT buying rates

Rupee / Dollar market spot buying rate

Less: Exchange margin

TT buying rate

Rounded off to the nearest multiple of the 0.0025

Note:
> Dollar is bought & sold
> Rupee / Dollar to indicate so many rupees per dollar

Eg- On 15th September UCO Bank received a mail transfer from its New York correspondent for USD 5000, payable to its customer. Its account with correspondent bank has been credited with the amount of the mail transfer in reimbursement.

Assuming US dollar/ Rupee are quoted in local interbank market as under:

Spot	\$ 1= ₹62.2500/2700
Spot/ Octobe	r 2200/2300

Calculate the exchange rate & Rupee amount payable to the customer bearing in mind that

1)Bank requires exchange margin of 0.080% to be loaded in the rate

2) Rupee equivalent should be nearest to the whole rupee

Solution: TT buying rate is applicable, rate quoted to customer ₹62.2500

Dollar/ Rupee market spot buying rate = ₹62.2500

Less: Exchange margin at 0.08%

= **₹0.0498**

=₹62.2002

Rounded off rate quoted to the customer ₹62.2000 per dollar

Amount payable to the customer for USD 5000 at the rate of INR 62.2000 per dollar is 3,11,000



2. Bill buying rate- applied for Usance bills

Due date includes- transit period and usance period

Forward margin –premium or discount

Bill buying rates

Add: Forward Premium

(For transit & usance; rounded off to the lower month)

OR

Less: Forward discount

(For transit & usance; rounded off to the higher month)

Less: Exchange margin

Bill buying rate

Rounded off to the nearest multiple of the 0.0025







= ₹.....



=₹.....



Selling Rates- Transaction on the basis of handling of documents by bank

Two types of Selling Rates-

1. TT Selling rates- do not involve handling of documents by bank

≻issue of DD, MT, TT, cancellation of foreign exchange bought earlier

2. Bill Selling rates- involves handling of documents by bank

payment against import bills

TT and Bill Selling

Dollar/Rupee market spot selling rate

Add: Exchange margin for TT selling rate

TT selling rate

Add: Exchange margin for Bill selling rate

Bill selling rate

Rounded off to the nearest multiple of the 0.0025



= + ₹.....

₹.....





=₹.....

Cross Rates

Eg- suppose news paper quotes ₹ 62.00- 62.20 / \$1

Canadian \$ 1.26- 1.28 /\$1

To exchange Canadian \$ and ₹ common currency \$(USD) is used

Buying rate of Canadian \$ in India= buying ₹for USD at ₹ 62.00 & selling Canadian \$ for USD 1.28

Buying rate= ₹62.00/ 1\$X 1\$/C\$ 1.28 = 48.43

Selling rate of Canadian \$ in India= selling ₹ for USD at ₹ 62.20 & then buying Canadian \$ for USD 1.26

Selling rate= 62.20/ \$1 X \$1/ C\$ 1.26 = 49.36

Combining ₹48.37-49.36

2. READY RATES FOR NON-TRADE TRANSACTIONS

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- a) Issue & encashment of foreign travellers cheques
- **b)** Purchase of foreign currency notes & coins
- c) Exchange rate for clean instruments



Forward Exchange Contracts

✓ Technique of hedging

✓ Agreement between bank & bank or bank & customer

✓ Protects importer or exporter against foreign exchange risk

Fixed & option forward contracts

Inter Bank Deals



- Cover deals- purchase & sale of foreign currency to acquire or dispose off foreign exchange required or acquired
- 2. Swap deals- buying & selling of foreign currency simultaneously for different maturities
- **3. Arbitrage operations-** buy from monetary centre where it is cheap for immediate resale in monetary centre where it is expensive

Types of Arbitrage



- **1.** Two Point Arbitrage
- **2.** Three point arbitrage
- **3.** Covered interest arbitrage
- 4. Uncovered interest arbitrage